

# **OUR WORTH**

# The Ways We Serve Clients

Consumers have many choices when buying or selling a home. When they seek representation by a REALTOR®, a member of the National Association of REALTORS®, they are opting for the skill, care and diligence of a professional committed to protecting their interests. This list outlines most of what duties a REALTOR commits to doing with respect to each transaction, when assisting a client who is either buying and/or selling.

# Working with Buyers

### **Building a Relationship**

- Inform the buyer of working relationship options based on state law, the REALTOR® Code of Ethics, MLS requirements, and the broker's business policies
- 2. Learn buyer's wants and non-negotiable needs
- 3. Understand buyer's budget and financial concerns
- 4. Provide quality lender resources
- 5. Match buyer's needs with available property
- 6. Explain how compensation is paid, who pays it and what buyer's options are
- 7. Explain federal and state fair housing laws
- 8. Explain what to look for in applicable property disclosures
- 9. Inform buyer that you will always disclose all known material defects
- 10. After ensuring buyer understands what is done for them, how it is done, and the benefit to them, obtain signatures on the buyer representation agreement
- 11. Reassure buyer that personal information will remain confidential
- 12. In accordance with state law, provide information on checking the sex-offender registry and crime statistics for the neighborhood
- 13. Educate buyer about executing a buyer representation agreement
- 14. Reiterate working relationship based on state law, the REALTOR®
- 15. Discuss available resources that buyer can check to learn more about prospective neighborhoods

# **Preparing the Buyer**

- 10. After ensuring buyer understands what is done for them, how it is done, and the benefit to them, obtain signatures on the buyer representation agreement
- 11. Reassure buyer that personal information will remain confidential.
- 12. In accordance with state law, provide information on checking the sex-offender registry and crime statistics for the neighborhood.
- 13. Educate buyer about executing a buyer representation agreement.
- 14. Reiterate working relationship based on state law, the REALTOR® Code of Ethics, and the broker's business policies.
- 15. Discuss available resources that buyer can check to learn more about prospective neighborhoods.
- 16. Explain timeline for house hunting, mortgage approval, and closing.
- 17. Explain local market and how it impacts the buyer.
- 18. Show statistics on what percentage of list price sellers in the area are currently receiving.
- 19. Inform buyer of what home features are popular.
- 20. Identify current average days on market.
- 21. Share dangers of using price-per-square-foot to determine home values.
- 22. Explain the concept of absorption rate and how it impacts the buying process

- 23. Indicate current listing months of market inventory
- 24. Share estimated potential out-of-pocket costs to complete the transaction
- 25. Assist buyer in analyzing the loan estimates
- 26 Verify buyer's ability to purchase by ensuring they're pregualified
- 27. Help buyer account for the complete costs of homeownership
- 28 Prepare lender for listing agent calls
- 29. Help buyer select for viewing only those homes that fit their needs
- 30. Review sample sales contract so buyer is prepared when it comes time to make an offer

#### **Showing Properties**

- 31. Schedule showings and provide access to all MLS-listed properties
- 32. Educate buyer on the immediacy of new listings appear in MLS and the lag time for them to appear on some websites
- 33. Collaborate with buyer on properties they may have learned about through their sphere of contacts
- 34. Research and assist on all unlisted properties the buyer wishes to see
- 35. Preview properties prior to showing if needed
- 36. Network with other agents to source properties not yet in MLS
- 37. Contact homeowners in focus areas to see if they are considering selling
- 38. Set up automated email alert system through MLS that notifies buyer of potential properties
- 39. Arrange tour of targeted market areas
- 40. Provide resources containing neighborhood information on municipal services, schools and other local amenities
- 41. Inform buyer of aspects such as nearby venues or operations that may result in issues that could impact value
- 42. Check applicable zoning and building restrictions
- 43. Help buyer decipher public property and tax information
- 44. Collect and share pertinent data on values, taxes, utility costs and other carrying costs
- 45. Help buyer identify top choices

#### **Negotiating Offers**

- 46. Prepare buyer to have the most attractive offer in the current marketplace
- 47. Prepare a comparative market analysis in advance of making an offer
- 48. Use hyperlocal expertise and strong communication skills to help bring the most successful offer
- 49. Explain common contract contingencies, and include approved protective clauses in the purchase offer
- 50. Ensure buyer receives and understands all state- and federally required disclosures forms
- 51. Prioritize contract negotiation goals with buyer
- 52. Prepare buyer for multiple-offer situation
- 53. Write offer that has a reasonable chance of being accepted
- 54. When approved by buyer, use strategies such as an escalation clause to maintain a competitive offer
- $55. \,$  Recommend optional contingencies and explain the pros and cons of using them
- 56. Negotiate buyer's offers to arrive at the best price and terms

#### **Facilitating Close**

- 57. Provide options for home inspector, title company, appraiser and mortgage lender
- 58. Review and discuss home inspection concerns, and negotiate repair requests
- 59. Guide buyer on meeting all contract deadlines
- 60. Advise buyer to review the settlement statement
- 61. Inform buyer of need to transfer utilities to the new residence



- 62. Schedule final walk-through and accompany buyer
- 63. Ensure appraisal has been ordered and notify buyer of date
- 64. Assist buyer in reviewing appraisal report
- 65. If appraisal report affects financing, discuss the possibility of requesting a reconsideration of value
- 66. Confirm clear-to-close with lender
- 67. Ensure all parties have all forms and information needed to close the sale 68. Confirm the closing location, date and time 69. Explain flood and title insurance to buyer
- 70. Order any surveys needed
- 71. Order title search
- 72. Confirm status of loan funding
- 73. Check addendums and alterations for agreed terms
- 74. Review buyer's closing statement to ensure accuracy
- 75. Explain wire fraud risks and remind clients to verify all wiring instructions before transferring funds
- 76. Double-check property tax, homeowner association dues, utility and applicable prorations, if relevant
- 77. Request final closing figures from closing agent
- 78. Carefully review closing figures to ensure accuracy
- 79. Receive and carefully review title insurance commitment with buyer
- 80. Advise buyer on re-keying locks or installing smart locks
- 81. Help buyer consider a one-time cleaning service or landscaping before moving day
- 82. Review documents with closing agent
- 83. Support buyer in final closing activities

# Working with Sellers

# **Pre-existing**

- 1. Confirm prospective seller's needs and make appointment for a listing presentation
- 2. Research comparable properties
- 3. Research sales activity from MLS and public records data
- 4. Research average days on market for property of this type, price range and location
- 5. Download and review property tax roll/assessor info
- 6. Prepare preliminary comparative market analysis to establish fair market value
- 7. Obtain copy of subdivision plat/complex layout
- 8. Research property's ownership, deed type, and public record information for lot size and dimensions
- 9. Research and verify legal description
- 10. Research property's land use coding, zoning and deed restrictions
- 11. Verify legal names of owner(s) in county's public property records
- 12. Prepare listing presentation package with above materials
- 13. Perform exterior curb appeal assessment of subject property
- 14. Compile a formal file on property
- 15. Review Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act (OPRRA) report from township for all permitted records

# **Listing Management**

- 16. Give overview of market conditions and projections
- 17. Tour property
- 18. Present your company's profile and niche in the market
- 19. Present preliminary CMA, including comparable properties, sold properties, and current and expired listings
- 20. Discuss marketing goals with seller
- 21. Explain market power and benefits of MLS marketplaces

- 22. Explain power of web marketing, IDX and realtor.com®
- 23. Offer pricing strategy with updates to CMA based on tour of home, upgrades, professional judgment and current market conditions
- 24. Explain the work you do behind the scenes and your availability on weekends
- 25. Explain your role in screening for qualified buyers and protecting seller from curiosity seekers
- 26. Explain transaction and agency brokerage relationship
- 27. Review and explain all clauses in listing contract and addendum and obtain seller's signature once property is under listing agreement
- 28. Review current title information
- 29. Gather square footage and measure overall and heated square footage
- 30 Measure interior room sizes
- 31. Note all unrecorded property liens, agreements, or easements
- 32. Obtain house plans, if applicable and available
- 33. Confirm lot size via owner's copy of certified survey, if available
- 34. Discuss showing-times with seller and prepare showing instructions for buver's agents
- 35. Discuss possible buyer financing alternatives and options with seller
- 36. Review current appraisal if available
- 37. Identify homeowner association manager if applicable
- 38. Verify homeowner association fees-mandatory or optional
- 39. Order copy of homeowner association bylaws
- 40. Research electricity supplier's name and phone number
- 41. Have utility companies provide average utility usage from last 12 months
- 42. Research and verify city sewer/septic tank system/well status
- 43. Research/verify natural gas availability, supplier's name and phone number
- 44. Verify security system and current terms of service
- 45. Verify if seller has transferable termite bond
- 46. Ascertain need for lead-based paint disclosure
- 47. Detail property amenities and assess market impact
- 48. Prepare detailed list of property's inclusions and conveyances 49. Compile list of completed repairs and maintenance items
- 50. Explain benefits of homeowner warranty
- 51. Assist sellers with completion and submission of homeowner warranty application
- 52. Place homeowner warranty in property file for conveyance at time of sale
- 53. Have extra keys made for lockbox
- 54. Verify if property has rental units involved
- 55. If the property does have rental units, make copies of all leases for retention in listing file
- 56. Verify all rents and deposits
- 57. Inform tenants of listing and discuss how showings will be handled
- 58. Arrange for installation of yard sign
- 59. Provide suggestions on curb appeal and décor to improve salability
- 60. Load listing into transaction management software program
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{61}}.$  Prepare profile sheets for MLSs and enter property data into local MLS databases
- 62. Proofread MLS database listings for accuracy, including proper placement in man
- 63. Add property to company's active listings list
- 64. Provide seller copies of listing agreement and MLS profile sheets within
- 48 hours or within required time of MLS
- 65. Take additional photos for upload into MLS and use in marketing
- 66. Create print and internet marketing with seller's input
- 67. Coordinate showings with owners, tenants and other agents
- 68. Install and program electronic lockbox if authorized
- 69. Prepare mailing and contact list, and generate mail-merge letters



- 70. Order "just listed" labels and reports
- 71. Prepare fliers and feedback reports
- 72. Review comparable listings regularly to ensure property remains competitive
- 73. Prepare marketing brochure for seller's review
- 74. Arrange for printing or copying of marketing brochures or fliers
- 75. Place marketing brochures in all company agent mailboxes
- 76. Upload listing to company and agent internet site, if applicable
- 77. Mail out "just listed" notice to neighborhood residents
- 78. Advise network referral program of listing
- 79. Provide marketing data to buyers coming from referral network
- 80. Provide special feature cards for marketing, if applicable
- 81. Submit ads to company's participating internet real estate sites
- 82. Reprint/supply brochures promptly as needed
- 83. Send feedback emails to buyer's agents after showings
- 84. Review weekly market study
- 85. Discuss showing feedback with sellers
- 86. Set up marketing reports on showing-time application and company website
- 87. Place regular weekly update calls to seller to discuss marketing and pricing
- 88. Promptly enter price changes in MLS

#### Offers

- 89. Receive and review all offer-to-purchase contracts submitted by buyers or buyer's agents
- 90. Explain merits and weaknesses of offers, being sure to factor in our conscious bias
- 91. Contact buyer's agents to review buyer's qualifications and discuss offer
- 92. Deliver seller's disclosure upon request
- 93. Evaluate offer(s) and prepare net sheet for owner for comparison purposes
- 94. Confirm buyer is prequalified by calling loan officer
- 95. Obtain buyer's pre-qualification letter from loan officer if not submitted with offer

# Contracts

- 96. Negotiate all offers per seller's direction on seller's behalf, and set time limit for loan approval and closing
- 97. Prepare counter-offers and amendments; convey to buyer's agent
- 98. Create spreadsheets for easy review of multiple bids
- 99. Email or send contract and addendums to closing agent
- 100. When offer-to-purchase contract is accepted, deliver to buyer's agent
- 101. Record and promptly deposit buyer's earnest money in escrow account
- ${\bf 102.\, Disseminate\, under-contract\, showing\, restrictions\, as\, seller\, requests}$
- 103. Deliver copies of fully signed offer-to-purchase contract to seller and lender
- ${\bf 104.}\ {\bf Advise}\ {\bf seller}\ {\bf of}\ {\bf additional}\ {\bf offers}\ {\bf submitted}\ {\bf between}\ {\bf contract}\ {\bf and}\ {\bf closing}$
- 105. Change MLS status to sale pending
- 106. Update transaction management program to show sale pending
- 107. Provide credit report information to seller if property will be seller-financed
- 108. Coordinate with lender on discount points being locked in with dates
- 109. Confirm verifications of deposit and buyer's employment have been returned
- 110. Follow loan processing through to the underwriter
- 111. Add lender and other vendors to your management program so agents, buyer and seller can track progress of sale
- 112. Contact lender weekly to ensure processing is on track
- 113. Relay final approval of buyer's loan application to seller

#### **Home and Other Inspections**

- 114. Coordinate with seller for buyer's professional home inspection
- 115. Review home inspector's report
- 116. Enter completion into transaction management tracking program
- 117. Ensure seller's compliance with home inspection clause requirements
- 118. Help seller identify contractors to perform any required repairs
- 119. Oversee required repairs, if needed
- 120. Deliver unrecorded property information to buyer
- 121. Handle septic system and well flow reports, and assess any possible impact on sale
- 122. Verify termite inspection ordered
- 123. Verify mold inspection ordered, if required

### Appraisal

- 124. Work with seller and lender to schedule appraisal
- 125. Provide appraiser any comparable sales used in market pricing
- 126. Assist seller in questioning appraisal report if it falls below the contract price

### **Processing for Closing**

- 127. Enter completion into transaction management program
- 128. Ensure contract is signed by all parties
- 129. Coordinate closing date and time with buyer's agent and lender
- 130. Update closing forms and files
- 131. Ensure all parties have all forms and information needed to close the sale
- 132. Assist in solving title problems or obtaining death certificates
- 133. Work with buyer's agent in scheduling buyer's final walk-through prior to closing
- 134. Double-check all tax, homeowner association dues, utility, and applicable prorations
- 135. Request final closing figures from closing agent
- 136. Review closing figures to ensure accuracy of preparation
- 137. Confirm buyer and buyer's agent have received title insurance commitment
- 138. Provide homeowner warranty for availability at closing
- 139. Forward closing documents to absentee seller as requested
- 140. Review docs with closing agent
- 141. Ensure no surprises so seller receives net-proceeds check at closing
- 142. Refer seller eligible agents at their destination
- 143. Change status to Sold in MLS, entering sale date, price, selling broker, and any other required information

# Follow-Up

- 144. Share the warranty paperwork for claims in the future
- 145. Attempt to clarify and resolve any conflicts about repairs
- 146. Respond to any calls and provide any information required from office files
- 147. If a rental, verify all deposits and prorated rents are reflected accurately on the closing statement
- 148. Close out listing in transaction management program